1 2 3 4 5 6 7	XAVIER BECERRA Attorney General of California E. A. JONES III Supervising Deputy Attorney General EDWARD KIM Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 195729 California Department of Justice 300 So. Spring Street, Suite 1702 Los Angeles, CA 90013 Telephone: (213) 269-6000 Facsimile: (916) 731-2117 Attorneys for Complainant	FILED STATE OF CALIFORNIA PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT BOARD SACRAMENTO Jan. 3 20 20 BY K. Voorg ANALYST
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9	PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT BOARD DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS	
10	STATE OF C	
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 950-2017-001532
12	VALERIE CASTRO HERNANDEZ, P.A. P.O. Box 11321	ACCUSATION
13	Whittier, CA 90603	
14	Physician Assistant License No. PA 18344,	
15	Respondent.	
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17	PAR	<u> </u>
18	1. Maureen L. Forsyth (Complainant) b	rings this Accusation solely in her official
19	capacity as the Executive Officer of the Physician Assistant Board, Department of Consumer	
20	Affairs (Board).	
21	2. On or about February 1, 2006, the Ph	ysician Assistant Board issued Physician
22	Assistant License Number PA 18344 to Valerie Castro Hernandez, P.A. (Respondent). The	
23	Physician Assistant License was in full force and	effect at all times relevant to the charges
24	brought herein and will expire on May 31, 2021,	unless renewed.
25	JURISDICTION	
26	3. This Accusation is brought before the Board, under the authority of the following	
27	laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code (Code) unless otherwise	
28	indicated.	
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## STATUTORY PROVISIONS

- 4. Section 3527 of the Code states, in pertinent part:
- (a) The board may order the denial of an application for, or the issuance subject to terms and conditions of, or the suspension or revocation of, or the imposition of probationary conditions upon a physician assistant license after a hearing as required in Section 3528 for unprofessional conduct which includes, but is not limited to, a violation of this chapter, a violation of the Medical Practice Act, or a violation of the regulations adopted by the board or the Medical Board of California.
- (b) The board may order the denial of an application for, or the suspension or revocation of, or the imposition of probationary conditions upon, an approved program after a hearing as required in Section 3528 for a violation of this chapter or the regulations adopted pursuant thereto.
- (c) The Medical Board of California may order the denial of an application for, or the issuance subject to terms and conditions of, or the suspension or revocation of, or the imposition of probationary conditions upon, an approval to supervise a physician assistant, after a hearing as required in Section 3528, for unprofessional conduct, which includes, but is not limited to, a violation of this chapter, a violation of the Medical Practice Act, or a violation of the regulations adopted by the board or the Medical Board of California.
- (f) The board may order the licensee to pay the costs of monitoring the probationary conditions imposed on the license.
- (g) The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a physician assistant license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license.
- 5. Section 3528 of the Code states:

Any proceedings involving the denial, suspension or revocation of the application for licensure or the license of a physician assistant, the application for approval or the approval of a supervising physician, or the application for approval or the approval of an approved program under this chapter shall be conducted in accordance with Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

6. Section 2234 of the Code, states:

The board shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- (a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate any provision of this chapter.
  - (b) Gross negligence.

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1 2	(7) "Regulations" means the rules and regulations as set forth in Chapter 13.8 (commencing with Section 1399.500) of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations.	
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3	(10) "Delegation of services agreement" means the writing that delegates to a	
4	physician assistant from a supervising physician the medical services the physician assistant is authorized to perform consistent with subdivision (a) of Section 1399.540	
5	of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations.	
6 7	(11) "Other specified medical services" means tests or examinations performed or ordered by a physician assistant practicing in compliance with this chapter or regulations of the Medical Board of California promulgated under this chapter.	
8	(12) "Medical records review meeting" means a meeting between the	
9	supervising physician and surgeon and the physician assistant during which medical records are reviewed to ensure adequate supervision of the physician assistant functioning under protocols. Medical records review meetings may occur in person or	
10	by electronic communication.	
11	(b) A physician assistant acts as an agent of the supervising physician when performing any activity authorized by this chapter or regulations adopted under this	
12	chapter.	
13	9. Section 3502 of the Code states, in pertinent part:	
14 15	(a) Notwithstanding any other law, a physician assistant may perform those medical services as set forth by the regulations adopted under this chapter when the services are rendered under the supervision of a licensed physician and surgeon who	
16	is not subject to a disciplinary condition imposed by the Medical Board of California	
17	and surgeon who is responsible for the supervision of the physician assistant. (a) As used in this chapter:	
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19	(2) The supervising physician and surgeon shall be physically available to the	
20	physician assistant for consultation when that assistance is rendered. A physician assistant assisting a doctor of podiatric medicine shall be limited to performing those	
21	duties included within the scope of practice of a doctor of podiatric medicine.	
22	(c) (1) A physician assistant and his or her supervising physician and surgeon shall establish written guidelines for the adequate supervision of the physician	
23	assistant. This requirement may be satisfied by the supervising physician and surgeon adopting protocols for some or all of the tasks performed by the physician assistant.	
24	The protocols adopted pursuant to this subdivision shall comply with the following requirements:	
25	(A) A protocol governing diagnosis and management shall, at a minimum,	
26	include the presence or absence of symptoms, signs, and other data necessary to establish a diagnosis or assessment, any appropriate tests or studies to order, drugs to	
27	recommend to the patient, and education to be provided to the patient.	
28	(B) A protocol governing procedures shall set forth the information to be	

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1 2	physician assistant, after a hearing as required in Section 3528, for unprofessional conduct, which includes, but is not limited to, a violation of this chapter, a violation of the Medical Practice Act, or a violation of the regulations adopted by the board or the Medical Board of California.
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4	REGULATORY PROVISIONS
5	11. Section 1399.540 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations states:
6	1399.540. Limitation on Medical Services.
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8	(a) A physician assistant may only provide those medical services which he or she is competent to perform and which are consistent with the physician assistant's education, training, and experience, and which are delegated in writing by a supervising physician who is responsible for the patients cared for by that physician
9	assistant.
10	(b) The writing which delegates the medical services shall be known as a delegation of services agreement. A delegation of services agreement shall be signed
11	and dated by the physician assistant and each supervising physician. A delegation of services agreement may be signed by more than one supervising physician only if the
12	same medical services have been delegated by each supervising physician. A physician assistant may provide medical services pursuant to more than one
	delegation of services agreement.
14 15	(c) The board or Medical Board of California or their representative may require proof or demonstration of competence from any physician assistant for any tasks, procedures or management he or she is performing.
16 17	(d) A physician assistant shall consult with a physician regarding any task, procedure or diagnostic problem which the physician assistant determines exceeds his or her level of competence or shall refer such cases to a physician.
18	12. Section 1399.541 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations states:
19	1399.541. Medical Services Performable.
20	Because physician assistant practice is directed by a supervising physician, and
21	a physician assistant acts as an agent for that physician, the orders given and tasks performed by a physician assistant shall be considered the same as if they had been given and performed by the supervising physician. Unless otherwise specified in
22	these regulations or in the delegation or protocols, these orders may be initiated
23	without the prior patient specific order of the supervising physician.
24	In any setting, including for example, any licensed health facility, out-patient settings, patients' residences, residential facilities, and hospices, as applicable, a physician assistant may, pursuant to a delegation and protocols where present:
25	(a) Take a patient history; perform a physical examination and make an
26	assessment and diagnosis therefrom; initiate, review and revise treatment and therapy plans including plans for those services described in Section 1399.541(b) through
27	Section 1399.541(i) inclusive; and record and present pertinent data in a manner
28	meaningful to the physician.

- (b) Order or transmit an order for x-ray, other studies, therapeutic diets, physical therapy, occupational therapy, respiratory therapy, and nursing services.
- (c) Order, transmit an order for, perform, or assist in the performance of laboratory procedures, screening procedures and therapeutic procedures.
- (d) Recognize and evaluate situations which call for immediate attention of a physician and institute, when necessary, treatment procedures essential for the life of the patient.
- (e) Instruct and counsel patients regarding matters pertaining to their physical and mental health. Counseling may include topics such as medications, diets, social habits, family planning, normal growth and development, aging, and understanding of and long-term management of their diseases.
- (f) Initiate arrangements for admissions, complete forms and charts pertinent to the patient's medical record, and provide services to patients requiring continuing care, including patients at home.
- (g) Initiate and facilitate the referral of patients to the appropriate health facilities, agencies, and resources of the community.
- (h) Administer or provide medication to a patient, or issue or transmit drug orders orally or in writing in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions (a)-(f), inclusive, of Section 3502.1 of the Code.
- (i)(1) Perform surgical procedures without the personal presence of the supervising physician which are customarily performed under local anesthesia. Prior to delegating any such surgical procedures, the supervising physician shall review documentation which indicates that the physician assistant is trained to perform the surgical procedures. All other surgical procedures requiring other forms of anesthesia may be performed by a physician assistant only in the personal presence of a supervising physician.
- (2) A physician assistant may also act as first or second assistant in surgery under the supervision of a supervising physician. The physician assistant may so act without the personal presence of the supervising physician if the supervising physician is immediately available to the physician assistant. "Immediately available" means the physician is physically accessible and able to return to the patient, without any delay, upon the request of the physician assistant to address any situation requiring the supervising physician's services.
- 13. Section 1399.545 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations states:
  - 1399.545. Supervision Required.
- (a) A supervising physician shall be available in person or by electronic communication at all times when the physician assistant is caring for patients.
- (b) A supervising physician shall delegate to a physician assistant only those tasks and procedures consistent with the supervising physician's specialty or usual and customary practice and with the patient's health and condition.
- (c) A supervising physician shall observe or review evidence of the physician assistant's performance of all tasks and procedures to be delegated to the physician assistant until assured of competency.

Code sections 3527, 2227 and 2234, subdivision (c), in that she has committed repeated negligent acts, as more particularly alleged hereinafter:

## Patient A<sup>1</sup>

- 16. On or about October 28, 2015, Respondent saw Patient A, a 47-year-old woman, at the Pomona Mission Medical Clinic for family planning. The history and physical examination section of the chart note was limited, a gynecological examination was absent and vital signs were incomplete. The assessment was listed as family planning and the plan included oral contraceptive pills, lab tests and counseling.
- 17. A report, dated October 29, 2015, showed several abnormal laboratory results, including a critical fasting glucose level of 404 ml/dl, elevated cholesterol, and triglycerides. Respondent's supervisor, Physician 1, reviewed these results on or about November 2, 2015, and signed the laboratory report showing a glucose fasting result of 404; he circled the abnormal labs, and the return STAT box on the stamp.
- 18. On or about November 18, 2015, Respondent saw Patient A again at a follow up visit. The history and physical sections of the chart were incomplete. She documented that results were explained. However, no gynecologic examination or PAP smear was performed. Her assessment included family planning. Her management plan included continuation of condoms, no oral contraceptives, and another follow up in three months for treatment of Patient A's blood sugar levels.
- 19. On or about October 28, 2015 and thereafter, Respondent committed the following negligent acts in connection with Patient A: (a) failing to adequately follow up with Patient A and manage her abnormal test results in a timely manner and coordinate further management; (b) failing to be adequately supervised by a physician; (c) failing to keep adequate and accurate medical records; and (d) failing to adequately examine and/or assess the patient, and/or document the same.
  - 20. The medical records of Patient A were incomplete and not clearly legible. The

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Patients are designated by letters to address privacy concerns. Medical professionals other than Respondent are designated by numbers. Identities are known to Respondent and/or will be disclosed in response to a request for discovery.

history and physical information was lacking, medications were not listed, and management of abnormal results poorly documented. For instance, the patient's medical history, family history, contraceptive history, habits, sexual history, and information regarding medications were not adequately documented. The physical examination records were incomplete, and reflected a failure to adequately record the patient's vital signs and gynecologic exam (which was not even performed).

- 21. Further, Patient A's lab results revealed abnormalities, including a critically high glucose level. However, Respondent failed to adequately follow up and manage these abnormalities in a timely manner. She should have determined that a critically elevated glucose required immediate management, including consultation with her supervising physician, as well as following an adequate management protocol for elevated blood sugar, including timely follow up. Failure to follow up these abnormal test results in a timely and adequate manner could have led to delays in treatment and diagnosis and exposed Patient A's health to significant risk.
- 22. On or about March 7, 2019, a Department of Consumer Affairs investigator interviewed Physician 1. Physician 1 stated that he worked at the Pomona Mission Medical Clinic from in or around April 2015 through in or around April 2018. He further stated that in addition to treating patients, he supervised Respondent during the time period when Patient A received treatment at the clinic. Physician 1 did not write the Delegation of Service Agreement (DSA) for Respondent. Instead, the unlicensed wife of Physician 2<sup>2</sup> (who had been impaired and unable to practice since at least 2017) presented the completed DSA for Physician 1, and he signed the DSA. Physician 1 did not question the services delegated to Respondent in the DSA.
- 23. On or about March 19, 2019, a Department of Consumer Affairs investigator interviewed Respondent. Regarding her care and treatment of Patient A, Respondent acknowledged that the lab results reflected very high blood sugar results, but stated, "We can't

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Physician 2 surrendered his medical license to the Board effective February 7, 2018. Respondent stated in a declaration under the penalty of perjury that in January 2012, she began employment as a physician assistant at Pomona Mission Medical Clinic and that since Physician 1 joined the practice in 2015, she had not witnessed Physician 2 render care to any patient, nor had he consulted and assisted on any patient care matters, and that if she had an emergency or require assistance from a physician, she consulted with Physician 1 exclusively.